

Binomial Expansion

Find the first 3 terms, in ascending powers of x , of the binomial expansion of $(3-2x)^5$, giving each term in its simplest form.

(4)

(a) Find the first 4 terms, in ascending powers of x , of the binomial expansion of $(1+ax)^7$, where a is a constant. Give each term in its simplest form.

(4)

Given that the coefficient of x^2 in this expansion is 525,

(b) find the possible values of a .

(2)

(a) Find the first 4 terms of the binomial expansion, in ascending powers of x , of

$$\left(1+\frac{x}{4}\right)^8$$

giving each term in its simplest form.

(4)

(b) Use your expansion to estimate the value of $(1.025)^8$, giving your answer to 4 decimal places.

(3)

(a) Find the first four terms, in ascending powers of x , in the binomial expansion of $(1+kx)^6$, where k is a non-zero constant.

(3)

Given that, in this expansion, the coefficients of x and x^2 are equal, find

(b) the value of k ,

(2)

(c) the coefficient of x^3 .

(1)

$$(3-2x)^5 \approx (3)^5 + \binom{5}{1}(3)^4(-2x)^1 + \binom{5}{2}(3)^3(-2x)^2 + \dots$$

$$\approx \underline{243 - 810x + 1080x^2}$$

$$(1+ax)^7 \approx (1)^7 + \binom{7}{1}(1)^6(ax) + \binom{7}{2}(1)^5(ax)^2 + \binom{7}{3}(1)^4(ax)^3$$

$$(1+ax)^7 \approx \underline{1 + 7ax + 21a^2x^2 + 35a^3x^3}$$

$$21a^2 = 525$$

$$a^2 = \frac{525}{21} = 25$$

$$a = \pm\sqrt{25} = 5, -5$$

$$\boxed{a=5}$$

$$\boxed{a=-5}$$

Binomial Expansion

$$\left(1 + \frac{x}{4}\right)^8 = 1 + 2x + \frac{8(7)}{2}\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{8(7)(6)}{6}\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)^3$$

$$\left[\begin{matrix} n=8 \\ x=\frac{x}{4} \end{matrix}\right] = \underline{1 + 2x + \frac{7}{4}x^2 + \frac{7}{8}x^3}$$

$$1 + \frac{x}{4} = 1.025 \quad \therefore \frac{x}{4} = 0.025 \quad \therefore x = 0.1 //$$

$$\underline{\text{using } x=0.1: (1.025)^8 \approx 1 + 2(0.1) + \frac{7}{4}(0.1)^2 + \frac{7}{8}(0.1)^3}$$

$$\approx \underline{\underline{1.2184}}$$

$$(1+kx)^6 = 1 + 6kx + \frac{6(6-1)}{2}(kx)^2 + \frac{6(6-1)(6-2)}{3!}(kx)^3$$

$$= 1 + 6kx + 15k^2x^2 + 20k^3x^3$$

$$\text{coeffs of } x = x^2$$

$$6k = 15k^2$$

$$6 = 15k$$

$$k = \frac{6}{15} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\text{coeff of } x^3 = 20k^3$$